



Worksheet number (3) Unit Two

Name :		Subject:	Past tense
Class:	9 th grade	Date:	Oct.2025

Learning objective: Students should be able to be familiar with the new usage.

Simple Past

We use it to talk about:

- **USE 1 : Something that started and finished in the past**

I **saw** a movie yesterday.

- **USE 2 : A Series of Completed Actions that happened one after the other in the past ,for example when telling a story**

He arrived from the airport at 8:00, checked into the hotel at 9:00, and met the others at 10:00.

USE 3: Past routines and habits (often with adverbs of frequency)

John often walked in his lunch break.

- **USE 4 past states:**
- She **was** very tired after work.
- **The form of simple past:**

The Negative

►Subject + did not (didn't) + base form of verb

I did not go to the party.

2. Yes/No Questions (Interrogative)

►Did + subject + base form of verb

□ 3. WH- Questions: WH-word + did + subject + base form of verb

► What did you do yesterday?

Spelling rules:

- 1- If a verb ends in a vowel and a consonant, the consonant is usually doubled before *-ed*.

stop → *stopped* *plan* → *planned*

2. If a verb ends in *-e*, you add *-d*. *like* → *liked* *escape* → *escaped*

- 3- Regular past simple forms are formed by adding *-ed* to the infinitive of the verb.

start → *started* *kill* → *killed*

- 4- If the word ends in a vowel and *-y*, you add *-ed*.

play → *played* *enjoy* → *enjoyed*

- 5- If a verb ends in consonant and *-y*, you take off the *y* and add *-ied*.

try → *tried* *carry* → *carried*

Time expressions with the past simple tense

yesterday / last night / last week / last month / last year in 1990 / in June / in the summer / two days ago / a week ago / ten years ago / a long time ago / when I was a child / when I was younger / in the past...

Past continuous:

We use it to talk about:

1. An action in progress at a specific time in the past: At 8 PM, I was studying.
2. Two actions happening at the same time in the past .

I was reading while my brother was playing video games.

- ### 3. Background action for a shorter event (interrupted action)

I was sleeping when the phone rang.

- #### 4. Temporary situation in the past

I **was staying** with my aunt during the holidays.

The form of Past continuous:

- Affirmative (positive):** Subject + was/were + verb(-ing)

I was doing my homework.

- **Negative:** Subject + was/were + not + verb(-ing)

She wasn't feeling well.

- **Interrogative (Questions):** Was/Were + subject + verb(-ing)?

Was she reading a book?

- Wh...? + was/were + subject + verb(-ing)?**

What was she doing at 7 PM?

Spelling rules:

1. For most verbs: Just add -ing play → playing

- . For verbs ending in silent "e": Drop the "e" and add -ing**

make → making write → writing

Exception: For verbs ending in "ee", just add -ing

see → ~~s~~eeing agree → agreeing

3. For one-syllable verbs ending consonant-vowel-consonant (CVC):

Double the last consonant and add -ing

run → running sit → sitting

Note: Do NOT double if the last consonant is **w, x, or y**

fix → ~~f~~ixing play → ~~p~~laying

4. For verbs ending in "ie": Change "ie" to "y" and add -ing

lie → ~~l~~ying die → ~~d~~ying

Time expressions with past continuous:

Time Expression	Use	Example
while	Two actions happening at same time	I was studying while he was cooking.
when	One action interrupted another	I was sleeping when the alarm rang.
at [specific time]	Action in progress at that time	I was working at 8 PM .
all day/night/etc.	Long continuous action	She was reading all evening .
from... to...	Duration of the action	They were driving from 6 to 10 .
as	Two simultaneous actions	As I was cooking, he was cleaning.

Past perfect:

We use it to talk about:

.1. To show the earlier of two past actions. to show that one action happened before another in the past.

-I had finished my homework *before* dinner.

The form:

Form	Structure	Example
Affirmative	Subject + had + V3	She had gone.
Negative	Subject + had not (hadn't) + V3	She had not gone.
Question	Had + subject + V3?	Had she gone?
Negative Q	Hadn't + subject + V3?	Hadn't she gone?

Time expressions with the past perfect:

Before- after - when- already- for- for a long time- for ages- just- never- once, since 2009- yet....

Past perfect continuous:

We Use it to talk about:

1. Actions started in the past and were still in progress when something happened

I had been working all day **when** she called.

2. for actions that were in progress in the past and had an effect on a later action

He was tired because he **had been running**.

The form:

1. Affirmative Form

Subject + had been + verb(-ing)

I had been working all day.

2. Negative Form

Subject + had not (hadn't) been + verb(-ing)

I had not been sleeping well.

He hadn't been paying attention.

3. Interrogative Form (Questions)

Had + subject + been + verb(-ing)?

Had you been waiting long?

Time expression with Past perfect continuous:

. All day / all night / all morning / the whole week, etc.

For years/ along time/ ages/ since / how long..

English Department