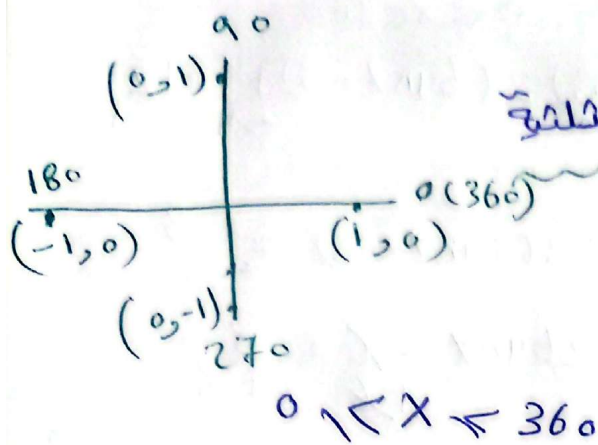


الدرس الرابع: حل المعادلات المثلثية

* أوجد المعادلات التالية



$$1) \frac{2}{2} \sin x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = 30$$

$\sin x (+)$

الثاني

الاول

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$\boxed{30 = \theta}$$

$$\theta' = 180 - \theta$$

$$30 = 180 - \theta$$

$$-180 \quad -180$$

$$\boxed{\theta = 150}$$

$$\boxed{[30, 150]}$$

$$2) 3 \cos x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{3} \cos x = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{2}{3} \Rightarrow \theta = 0, 360$$

$$3) \frac{2}{2} \cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} =$$

$$x = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = 30$$

الرابع

الاول

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$30 = 360 - \theta$$

$$-360 \quad -360$$

$$\boxed{\theta = 330}$$

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$\boxed{30 = \theta}$$

$$4) \quad 2 \tan x + 3 = 1 \quad 0 < x < 360$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{2} = \frac{-2}{2}$$

$$\tan x = -1$$

$$x = \tan^{-1}(1) = 45$$

الرابع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$\theta' =$$

$$45 = 360 - \theta$$

$$-360 - 360$$

$$\theta = 315$$

الثاني

$$\theta' = 180 - \theta$$

$$45 = 180 - \theta$$

$$-180 - 180$$

$$\theta = 135$$

$$5) \quad 2(\tan x - 3) + 4 = 12 \quad 0 < x < 360$$

$$2(\tan x - 3) = 8$$

$$2 \tan x - 6 = 8$$

$$\frac{2 \tan x}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$$

$$\tan x = 7$$

$$x = \tan^{-1}(7) = 81,9$$

الثاني

$$\theta' = \theta - 180$$

$$81,9 = \theta - 180$$

$$+180 \quad +180$$

$$\theta = 261,9$$

الاول

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$81,9 = \theta$$

$$6) \quad 1 + 4 \sin(3x) = 2,5 \quad 0 < x < 90$$

$$\theta = 3x$$

$$\frac{4 \sin \theta}{4} = \frac{1,5}{4}$$

$$\sin \theta = 0,375$$

$$\theta = \sin^{-1}(0,375)$$

$$\theta = 22,0$$

$\sin(\theta)$

الثاني

$$\theta' = 180 - \theta$$

$$22,0 = 180 - \theta$$

$$\theta = 158$$

الاول

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$22,0 = \theta$$

$$\theta = 22$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{22}{3}$$

$$x = 7,3$$

$$\theta = 158$$

$$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{158}{3}$$

$$x = 52,6$$

$$6) \quad 3(\sin x + 2) = 3 - \sin x, \quad 0 < x \leq 360$$

$$3\sin x + 6 = 3 - \sin x$$

$$+ \sin x \quad -6 \quad -6 + \sin x$$

$$\frac{4\sin x}{4} = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$$\sin x = -0,75$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}(0,75)$$

$$x = 48,6$$

sin (-)

المراجع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$48,6 = 360 - \theta$$

$$-360 \quad -360$$

$$\theta = 311,4$$

المقابل

$$\theta' = \theta - 180$$

$$48,6 = \theta - 180$$

$$+180 \quad +180$$

$$\theta = 228$$

$$7) \quad 3 \cos(2x) - 1 = 0$$

$$\theta = 2x$$

$$0 < x \leq 180$$

$$\frac{3 \cos \theta}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\cos \theta = 0,33$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1}(0,33)$$

$$\theta = 70,7$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{70,7}{2}$$

$$x = 35,35$$

$$\theta = 70,7$$

cos (+)

المراجع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$70,7 = 360 - \theta$$

$$-360 \quad -360$$

$$\theta = 289,3$$

المقابل

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$70,7 = \theta$$

$$\theta = 289,3$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{289,3}{2}$$

$$x = 144,6$$

$$8) 3 \sin x \cos x - 2 \sin x = 0$$

$$\sin x \cdot (3 \cos x - 2) = 0$$

$$\sin x = 0$$

من دائرة الوحدة
يتم استخراج الزوايا

$$0, 180$$

$$x = 360, 180, 0$$

$$3 \cos x - 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{3 \cos x}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\cos x = 0,66$$

$$x = \cos^{-1}(0,66) = 48,7$$

الرابع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$48,7 = 360 - \theta$$

$$-360 - 360$$

$$\theta = 311,3$$

الاول

$$\theta' = \theta$$

$$48,7 = \theta$$

$$9) 3 \sin^2 x - 2 \sin x + 1 = 0, 0 \leq x < 360$$

$$3 \sin^2 x - 2 \sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = 3$$

$$\sin^2 x - 2 \sin x + 3 = 0$$

$$(\sin x - 3)$$

$$\sin x = 3$$

$$(\sin x + 1) = 0$$

$$0 < x < 360$$

$$9) \quad 3\sin^2 x = 2\sin x + 1$$

$$3\sin^2 x - 2\sin x - 1 = 0$$

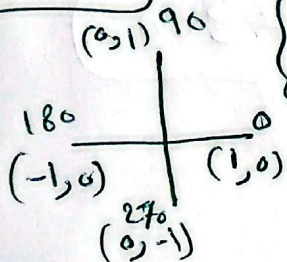
$$\sin^2 x - 2\sin x - 3 = 0$$

$$\left(\sin x - \frac{3}{3}\right) \left(\sin x + \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$(\sin x - 1)(3\sin x + 1) = 0$$

$$\sin x - 1 = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3\sin x + 1 = 0 \\ \sin x = -\frac{1}{3} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\boxed{\sin x = 1}$$



$$x = \boxed{90}$$

$$\frac{3\sin x}{3} = \frac{-1}{3}$$

$$\sin x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\boxed{\sin x = 0,33}$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}(0,33)$$

$$\boxed{x = 19,2}$$

$$\sin (-)$$

المراجع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$19,2 = 360 - \theta$$

$$\theta = 340,8$$

المقابل

$$\theta' = \theta - 180$$

$$19,2 = \theta - 180$$

$$\theta = 199,2$$

$$10) \quad 4\sin x \tan x + 3\tan x = 0$$

$$\tan x \cdot (4\sin x + 3) = 0$$

$$\tan x = 0$$

$$x = 0, 360, 180$$

$$4\sin x + 3 = 0$$

$$\frac{4\sin x}{4} = \frac{-3}{4}$$

$$\sin x = -0,75$$

$$x = \sin^{-1}(-0,75)$$

$$0 < x < 360$$

$$\sin (-)$$

المراجع

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$48,5 = 360 - \theta$$

$$\theta = 311,5$$

المقابل

$$\theta' = \theta - 180$$

$$48,5 = \theta - 180$$

$$\theta = 228,5$$

$$10) 2\cos^2 x - 3\cos x + 1 = 0$$

$$\cos^2 x - 3\cos x + 2 = 0$$

$$\left(\cos x - \frac{2}{2}\right) \left(\cos x - \frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$(\cos x - 1) (2\cos x - 1) = 0$$

$$\cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$\cos x = 1$$

180°	360°
(-1, 0)	(1, 0)
(0, -1)	(0, 1)

$$x = 0, 360$$

$$2\cos x - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{2\cos x}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos x = 0,5$$

$$x = \cos^{-1}(0,5)$$

$$x = 60$$

$$\cos x (+)$$

$$\theta' = 360 - \theta$$

$$60 = 360 - \theta$$

$$\theta = 300$$

$$60 = \theta$$