

Worksheet

Name :		Subject:	U4 Vocabulary
Class:	11 th grade	Date:	

News reporting / Collocations

التقارير الإخبارية / متلازمات

Word	Example	Arabic
الكلمة / المصطلح	مثال للتوضيح	المعنى بالعربي مدة الانتباه
Attention span	e.g.: Children today often have a	مدة الانتباه
	shorter attention span than kids	
	did 20 years ago.	
Clickbait headlines	e.g.: The article's click bait	عناوين جذابة
	headline promised shocking	
	secrets about celebrity life, but	
	it was mostly gossip.	
Expose corruption	e.g.: The investigation aimed to	كشف الفساد
	expose corruption in the city	
	council, revealing misused	
	funds.	
Generate revenue	e.g.: The new online store	توليد الايرادات
	quickly began to generate	
	revenue from its popular	
	products.	
Go viral	e.g.: The funny dance challenge	الانتشار واسع النطاق
	video went viral, with millions of	
	views in just one day.	
Hit the headlines	e.g.: The local hero hit the	تصدر العناوين الرئيسية
	headlines after saving a family	
	from a burning building.	
In the public interest	e.g.: The report on air quality	في المصلحة العامة
	was published in the public	
	interest to inform residents	
	about health risks.	
Present both sides of the story	e.g.: The article was balanced,	عرض كلا الجانبين من القصة
	as it chose to present both sides	
	of the story on the new law.	
Raise awareness	e.g.: The charity run helped	زيادة الوعي
	raise awareness about	
	childhood obesity in the	
	community.	
Shed light on something	e.g.: The documentary shed	تسليط الضوء على شيء ما

	light on the struggles faced by refugees in their new countries.	
Verify sources	e.g.: Before publishing, the	التحقق من المصدر
	journalist took the time to verify	
	sources to ensure the	
	information was correct.	

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صفات مرتبطة بقصص الأخبار الجذابة واسعة الانتشار

Word الكلمة / المصطلح	Meaning in English المعنى بالإنجليزي (مطلوب)	Arabic المعنى بالعربي
Balanced	considering all sides equally	متوازنة
Exclusive	(a news story) published only in one place	حصرية
Hard -hitting	includes strong criticism	شديدة التأثير
Heartbreaking	very sad	حزينة
Heartwarming	causing feelings of happiness	مؤثرة
Newsworthy	interesting enough to be reported	جديرة بالنشر
Off the record	not meant to be publicly reported	غير رسمية
Quirky	unusual in an interesting way	غیر عادیة/غریبة صادمة/مثیرة
Sensational	shocking and exciting, not serious	صادمة/مثيرة
Topical	related to things that are happening	موضو عية

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التقارير الإخبارية / المرادفات

Word انكلمة / المصطلح	Meaning in English المعنى بالإنجليزي (مطلوب)	Arabic المعنى بالعربي
Bizarre , weird	strange	غريبة
Claim , maintain	state	يدَع <i>ي/</i> يزعم
Clues , hints	signs	علامات/أدلة
Dependable , trustworthy	reliable	موثوقة
Drop , go down	decrease	انخفاض
Enigma , puzzle	mystery	لغز/غموض
Expose , reveal	uncover	یکشف
Fraud , hoax	fake	مزيفة/خادعة

تراكيب ومصطلحات-Collocations

Word الكلمة / المصطلح	Example مثال للتوضيح	Arabic المعنى بالعربى
Accusation	e.g.: The teacher made an accusation that the student cheated on the test.	اتهام
Activist	e.g.: The activist organized a rally to raise awareness about climate change.	ناشط
Allegation	e.g.: The newspaper published allegation that the politician was involved an in corruption.	ادعاء
come up with something	e.g.: We need to come up with a solution to the problem of rubbish in our park.	توصل الى شيء ما
Obstruct	e.g.: The fallen tree obstructed the road making it hard for cars to pass.	عرقل, منع, عطّل
Pavement	e.g.: The children played on the pavement in front of their houses.	الرصيف
put something in	e.g.: Please put the books in the library after you're done reading them.	يضع شيئًا في
release a statement	e.g.: The company released a statement to explain the reasons for the product recall.	اصدار بیان
Replacement	e.g.: We need a replacement for the broken chair in the classroom.	استبدال
report something to the police	e.g.: If you see someone stealing, you should report it to the police immediately.	أبلغ الشرطة عن شيء ما
Request	e.g.: She made a request for more time to complete her project.	طلب
seize an opportunity	e.g.: When he heard about the job opening, he decided to seize the opportunity and apply.	اغتنم الفرصة
Suspension	e.g.: The student received a suspension for skipping class.	تعليق , إيقاف عن العمل
Tension	e.g.: There was a lot of tension in the room during the debate, as everyone had strong opinions.	توتر

تراكيب ومصطلحات-Collocations

Word الكلمة / المصطلح	Meaning in English المعنى بالانجليزي (مطلوب)	Arabic المعنى بالعربي
Capture an image	succeed in showing something	التقاط الصورة
	using pictures.	
Crop	remove parts of a picture,	قص جزء من الصورة
	leaving the most important	
	parts.	
Evoke	make someone remember or	یستذکر , یستشعر
	feel an emotion.	
Landscape photo	a view of the land or	صورة المناظر الطبيعية
	countryside.	
Poignant	causing a feeling of sadness.	مؤثر, مثیر للمشاعر البقاء فی وضع معین
Pose	stay in a particular position for a	البقاء في وضع معين
	photo or painting.	
Subject matter	what people are talking or	الموضوع
	writing about in art, pictures,	
	etc.	

تراكيب ومصطلحات- Collocations

Word الكلمة / المصطلح	Meaning in English المعنى بالانجليزي (مطلوب)	Arabic المعنى بالعربي
Bellow	to shout angrily in a low deep voice	يصرخ بغضب
Glance	to take a quick look at something	نظرة سريعة
Mutter	to speak so quietly that you cannot be heard easily	تمتم
Peer	to look at something closely and carefully	النظر الى شيء عن قرب
Race	to go somewhere as quickly as possible	السباق
spot something	to notice something or someone	اكتشف, لاحظ شيئًا
Wander	to walk in a casual way, often in no particular direction	التجوال
Yell	to shout loudly, because you are excited or angry	الصراخ بصوت مرتفع

مهارات التحدث - Speaking Skills

رواية حكاية – Telling an anecdote

الموقف - Situation	المصطلح - Expression or term
Saying that an anecdote is about to	1-You'll never believe what happened to me
start	2-That reminds me of (a time when)
التحدث بأن الحكاية على وشك أن تبدأ	3-Have I ever told you about?
	4-A friend of a friend told me this story.
Giving background information	1-I was travelling the bus, when
إعطاء معلومات أساسية	2-Well, I'm not sure if you know, but
	3-There was this guy who
Introducing a turning point	1-Anyway, to cut a long story short,
تقديم نقطة تحول	2-Suddenly,
	3-No sooner had than
	4-Hardly had we when
	5-It turned out that
	6-Before we knew what was happening
	7-Guess what?
Showing the speakers attitude	1-Obviously, I was a bit taken aback.
إظهار موقف المتحدث	2-I couldn't believe what was happening.
	3-Obviously/Presumably/Unbelievably, etc.
	4-And then, to top it all,
	5- mean - I've done it, haven't you?
	6-No word of a lie!
	7-Would you believe it?
Rounding off the anecdote	1-It was probably the most embarrassing moment of my life!
ختام الحكاية	2-I'll never forget
	3-I'll never again.

Extra Questions:

1-The reporter's investigation helped	corruption within the local government.
a) hit the headlines	b) expose
c) verify sources	d) shed light on
2-Journalists must ensure they	their sources to provide accurate information.
a) raise awareness of	b) go viral
c) verify	d) generate revenue
3-A powerful documentary was released to change.	about the effects of climate
a) hit the headlines	b) shed light on
c) raise awareness	d) present both sides of the story

4-Social media posts	often feature	headlines to attract me	ore readers.	
a) clickbait		b) balanced	d	
c) off-the-record		d) exclusive	d) exclusive	
5-The heartwarming	story of the rescued dog quickly	/ on s	social media.	
a) raised awareness		b) hit the he	adlines	
c) went viral		d) exposed f	raud	
6-It is crucial for jour	nalists to	of any controversial issue t	o maintain fairness.	
a) verify source		b) generate r	revenue	
c) present both sides	of the story	d) shed light	on	
7-The politician's sca	ndaland	d dominated the news cycle f	for days.	
a) hit the headlines		b) raised awa	reness	
c) went viral		d) shed light o	on	
8-The investigative re industry.	eport aimed to	on unfair labor praction	ces in the fashion	
a) expose		b) shed light		
c) verify sources		d) hit the hea	dlines	
9-Reporting on issue	s is a key	duty of responsible journal	ism.	
a) off the record		b) in the publ	ic interest	
c) quirky		d) hard-hitting	3	
10-Advertisements o organization.	on news websites are often desig	ned to	for the	
a) generate revenue		b) hit the head	llines	
c) go viral		d) verify source	es	
	Answ	ers:		
	1- B 2- C 3- C 4- A 5- C 6	- C 7- A 8- A 9- B 10- A		
1-The journalist delivers in tear	vered a r rs.	eport on the impact of war c	on children, leaving	
a) heartwarming	b) heartbreaking	c) quirky	d) newsworthy	
2-The interview cont	ained in	formation that wasn't mean	t for publication.	

a) off the record	b) hard-hitting	c) topical	d) sensational
3-The charity event rec	eived media coverage for	its a ₁	ppeal to the community.
a) newsworthy	b) heartwarming	c) hard-hitting	d) sensational
4-The journalist's organization.	investig	gation uncovered hidden cor	ruption within the
a) quirky	b) sensational	c) hard-hitting	d) exclusive
5-The feature article for a wedding dress.	cused on a	story about a wom	an running a marathon ir
a) quirky	b) heartbreaking	c) off the record	d) balanced
6-It is important to have	e a	view in reporting to ensure	fairness and accuracy.
a) balanced	b) heartwarming	c) newsworthy	d) exclusive
7-The breaking news se event.	gment covered a	story about a	a rare astronomical
a) topical	b) exclusive	c) bizarre	d) newsworthy
8-The reporter landed a	porter landed an interview with the famou		actor.
a) exclusive	b) quirky	c) hard-hitting	d) balanced
	Ai	nswers:	
	1- B 2- A 3- B 4-	C 5- A 6- A 7- D 8- A	
1-The tabloid's headling	e was full of	details to attract r	eaders.
a) fraud	b) bizarre	c) enigma	d) clues
2-Detectives followed a	series of	left behind by the su	spect.
a) claims	b) puzzles	c) clues	d) frauds
3-The whistleblower de	cided to	the company's uneth	ical practices.
a) expose	b) maintain	c) drop	d) hint
4-The sudden	in oil prices	caused concern in the globa	al market.
a) claim	b) enigma	c) fraud	d) drop
5-The journalist's reput	ation for being	helped him gai	n the public's trust.
a) bizarre	b) trustworthy	c) quirky	d) sensational

6-The magician's tric	k remained an	to everyone who watched it.					
a) enigma	b) hint	c) fraud	d) clue				
7-Many conspiracy t	heories turn out to be a	with no ba	sis in truth.				
a) hoax	b) claim	c) puzzle	d) hint				
	Ans	swers:					
	1- B 2- C 3- A 4	I-D 5-B 6-A 7-A					
1-The journalist deni false.	ied the	_ made against her, claiming t	hey were completely				
a) activist	b) allegation	c) request	d) tension				
2-The policies.	was arrested during	the protest for demanding ch	nange in government				
a) pavement	b) activist	c) replacement	d) suspension				
3-The manager asked	d the employees to	new ideas for tl	ne upcoming project.				
a) come up with	b) bellow	c) crop	d) mutter				
4-The council decide construction delays.	d to a statement to	address the rur	nors about the road				
a) evoke	b) release	c) glance	d) peer				
5-He called the polic	e to th	e theft of his wallet during th	ne event.				
a) pose	b) race	c) report	d) seize				
6-The photographer latest shot.	managed to	a beautiful sunset a be	eautiful sunset in her				
a) obstruct	b) capture	c) mutter	d) bellow				
7-The workers replace pedestrians.	ced the broken tiles on the	to ensure safety for					
a) pavement	b) replacement	c) subject matter	d) request				
8-The politician took	the opportunity to	his concerns du	iring the meeting.				
a) peer	b) bellow	c) seize	d) race				
9-The company decident month.	ded to offer a free	for all faulty pro	ducts purchased this				
a) landscape photo	b) replacement	c) suspension	d) request				

10-The artist's painting w	as so	that it brought many vis	sitors to tears.		
a) poignant	b) obstruct	c) tense	d) crop		
11-If you experience an is	ssue, you can	your concern to	customer support.		
a) spot	b) request	c) evoke	d) pose		
12-He stopped to	at	the unusual object he noticed in t	he distance.		
a) peer	b) bellow	c) wander	d) crop		
13-The child began to		_ loudly when his toy was taken a	way.		
a) mutter	b) yell	c) glance	d) spot		
14-After the controversy,	the player faced a	temporary	from the team.		
a) glance	b) suspension	c) replacement	d) tension		
15-While walking in the p	e park, they decided to take a photo of the mo				
a) subject matter	b) landscape	c) poignant	d) bellow		
16-The heated discussion	created a lot of	in the room.			
a) tension	b) wander	c) allegation	d) pavement		
17-You should always		_ the chance to learn from your m	istakes.		
a) evoke	b) seize	c) mutter	d) peer		
18-The editor advised the parts.	e photographer to	the photo t	to remove unnecessary		
a) crop	b) race	c) wander	d) bellow		
19-The tourists stopped t building.	o	at the impressive architectu	ure of the historic		
a) glance	b) spot	c) wander	d) capture		
20-During the debate, the audience by sharing a per	=	an emotio	nal response from the		
a) evoke	b) mutter	c) obstruct	d) spot		
		Answers:			
1- B 2- B 3- A 4- B	5- C 6- B 7- A 8	- B 9- B 10- A 11- B 12- A 13- I	B 14- B 15- B 16- A		

1-Which of the following phrases is commonly used to introduce an anecdote?

A. "You'll never believe what happened to me." B. "Suddenly, it started raining." C. "It turned out that..." D. "Before we knew what was happening..." 2-Which of the following phrases is an example of providing background information? A. "Suddenly, the bus stopped." B. "I couldn't believe what was happening." C. "There was this guy who..." D. "And then, to top it all, ..." 3-What does the phrase "Anyway, to cut a long story short" indicate? A. The speaker is introducing a turning point in the story. B. The speaker is providing background information. C. The speaker is about to end the anecdote. D. The speaker is expressing their attitude toward the events. 4-Which of the following shows the speaker's attitude toward the anecdote? A. "No sooner had we arrived than the show started." B. "I'll never forget the look on his face." C. "Obviously, I was a bit taken aback." D. "A friend of a friend told me this story."

5-How can a speaker round off their anecdote?

- A. By introducing a new character.
- B. By saying, "Guess what ?"
- C. By concluding with a memorable statement like "It was probably the most embarrassing moment of my life!"
- D. By adding more background information.

6-Identify the phrase that introduces a turning point in a story.

- A. "Well, I'm not sure if you know ..., but..."
- B. "Suddenly, the lights went out."
- C. "No word of a lie!"

D. "I was traveling on the bus, when..."

7-Which phrase can be used to introduce an anecdote in a casual way?

- A. "Have I ever told you about...?"
- B. "Hardly had we left when it started raining."
- C. "To top it all, I lost my keys!"
- D. "It turned out that the train was delayed."

8-What does the phrase "To top it all" usually imply?

- A. The speaker is giving background information.
- B. The speaker is about to conclude the story.
- C. The speaker is emphasizing a particularly surprising or frustrating detail.
- D. The speaker is introducing a character.

9-Which phrase indicates that something happened very quickly or unexpectedly?

- A. "Before we knew what was happening..."
- B. "No word of a lie!"
- C. "There was this guy who..."
- D. "I'll never forget..."

10-Which phrase best introduces a surprising event in a story?

- A. "No sooner had I stepped inside than the alarm went off."
- B. "I was on my way to work when I saw something unusual."
- C. "A friend of a friend told me this story."
- D. "It was probably the most embarrassing moment of my life."

11-What is the effect of using "Guess what?" in an anecdote?

- A. It signals the end of the story.
- B. It creates suspense and engages the listener.
- C. It provides background information.
- D. It expresses disbelief.

12-Which of these phrases is least likely to be used to start an anecdote?

- A. "That reminds me of a time when..."
- B. "Before we knew what was happening..."

- C. "Have I ever told you about...?"
- D. "You'll never believe what happened to me."

13-How does "I'll never forget..." contribute to rounding off an anecdote?

- A. It describes a specific event in detail.
- B. It emphasizes the long-lasting impact of the story on the speaker.
- C. It provides a surprising twist.
- D. It introduces a character.

14-Which phrase would a speaker use to express disbelief about an event in their story?

- A. "No word of a lie!"
- B. "Suddenly, it all made sense."
- C. "There was this guy who..."
- D. "Anyway, to cut a long story short..."

15-What is the purpose of using "Hardly had we ... when ..." in a story?

- A. To signal the end of the story.
- B. To describe something that happened very quickly after another event.
- C. To provide more background information.
- D. To reflect on the speaker's feelings.

Answers:														
1- A	2- C	3- C	4- C	5- C	6- B	7- A	8- C	9- A	10- A	11- B	12- B	13- B	14- A	15- B

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