

Exercise 3.5B Calculating pressure

1 A force of **20 N** acts on each (1) **cm²** of area.

2
$$\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$$
$$= \frac{15}{60}$$
$$= 0.25 \text{ (N/cm}^2\text{)}$$

3
$$\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$$
$$\text{force} = \text{pressure} \times \text{area}$$
$$= 60 \times 0.5$$
$$= 30 \text{ N}$$

4 pounds per square inch

Exercise 3.5C Variables affecting pressure

- 1 area (at end of thorn) is very small; pressure on skin will be large; $\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$; other parts of stem would have larger area, so smaller pressure on skin
- 2 area in contact with ground is larger; so pressure is smaller; $\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$
- 3 with sharp knife, area in contact with bread is smaller; so pressure is larger; $\text{pressure} = \frac{\text{force}}{\text{area}}$
- 4 End A has large area to decrease pressure on thumb when pushing, so less likely to be painful.

End B has small area to increase pressure on the surface, so more likely to go into surface.

the inside wall of the balloon become less frequent and occur with less force.